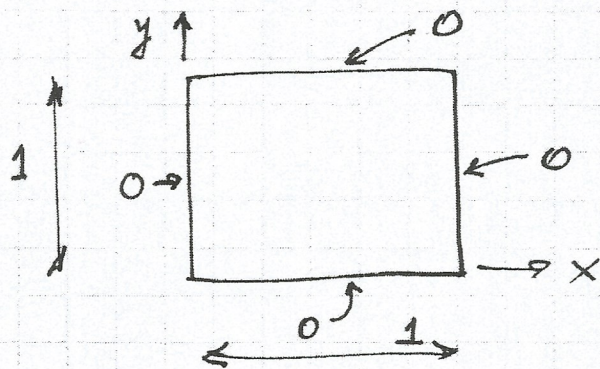


Heat conduction in 2 dimensions

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$$



IC
 $t=0, u=f(x,y)$

$$u = X(x) Y(y) T(t)$$

$$T'XY = X''YT + XY''T$$

divide by
 XYT

$$\frac{T'}{T} = \frac{X''}{X} + \frac{Y''}{Y} = -\lambda$$

$$\frac{X''}{X} = \left(\frac{Y''}{Y} \right) - \lambda = -\mu$$

$$X'' + \mu X = 0$$

$$X(0) = X(1) = 0$$

$$Y'' + (\lambda - \mu) Y = 0$$

$$Y(0) = Y(1) = 0$$

$$T' + \lambda T = 0$$

$$X = \sin n\pi x, \quad \mu = (n\pi)^2$$

$$Y = \sin m\pi y, \quad (\lambda - \mu) = (m\pi)^2 \quad \left. \vphantom{Y = \sin m\pi y} \right\} \lambda = (n^2 + m^2)\pi^2$$

$$u(x,y,t) = \sum_m \sum_n b_{nm} \sin n\pi x \sin m\pi y e^{-(n^2+m^2)\pi^2 t}$$

to find $b_{n,m}$, use Fourier's theorem twice

$$\text{at } t=0, \quad f(x,y) = \sum \sum b_{n,m} \sin n\pi x \sin m\pi y$$

write it as

$$f(x,y) = \sum A_n \sin n\pi x$$

↑
depends on y

$$A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x,y) \sin n\pi x \, dx = A_n(y)$$

then write

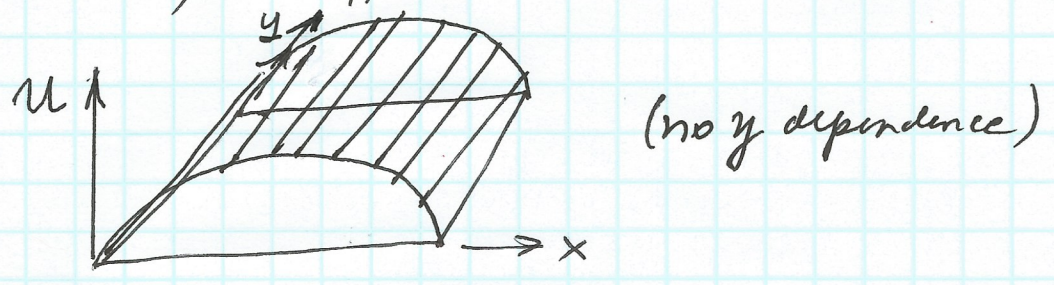
$$A_n(y) = \sum b_{n,m} \sin m\pi y$$

$$b_{n,m} = 2 \int_0^1 A_n(y) \sin m\pi y \, dy$$

$$= 4 \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 dy \sin n\pi x \sin m\pi y f(x,y)$$

Initial Conditions

$$t=0, u(x,y) = \sin \pi x$$



$$b_{n,m} = 4 \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 dy \sin n\pi x \sin m\pi y \sin \pi x$$

$$= 4 \int_0^1 \sin n\pi x \sin \pi x dx \int_0^1 \sin m\pi y dy$$

$$\begin{cases} \int_0^1 (\sin \pi x)^2 dx, n=1 \\ 0, n \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$b_{n,m} = \begin{cases} 4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right), n=1 \\ 0, n \neq 1 \end{cases} \int_0^1 \sin m\pi y dy$$

$$-\frac{\cos m\pi y}{m\pi} \Big|_0^1 = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{m\pi}, m=1,3,5,\dots \\ 0, m=2,4,\dots \end{cases}$$

$$u(x,y,t) = 2 \sin \pi x \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \right) \left(\sin \pi y e^{-2\pi^2 t} + \frac{\sin 3\pi y}{3} e^{-10\pi^2 t} + \frac{\sin 5\pi y}{5} e^{-26\pi^2 t} + \dots \right)$$

$$= \sum \sum b_{n,m} \sin n\pi x \sin m\pi y e^{-(n^2+m^2)\pi^2 t}$$